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EDITORIAL



BAND-PLANNING (Continued)

We have dealt in previous Editorials with the methods used in other countries of the world to arrive at some equitable subdivision of our bands between telephony and telegraphy, without the imposition of regulatory restrictions. To complete the picture, we now deal with our own efforts in this direction.

The first post-war move was made at the 1946 Federal Convention when it was decided to allot 100 Kc. on the low frequency end of 28 Mc. to c.w. Again at the 1947 Convention, steps were taken to approach the I.A.R.U. with a view to arriving at an internationally agreeable formula. This proposal did not advance the position greatly as the I.A.R.U. were stalemated by other Administrations. At the 1948 Convention, and again confirmed at the 1949 Convention, all Divisions agreed to publicise and observe, on a "gentlemen's agreement basis," the following frequencies for exclusive c.w. use, the remainder of the bands to be phone and c.w.:-

3500- 3550 Kc. c.w. only
7000- 7030 Kc. " "
14000-14100 Kc. " "
21000-21100 Kc. " "
28000-28100 Kc. " "

It must be remembered that in finally arriving at these set of frequencies much thought had first been given by delegates from all Divisions, and is representative of the average cross section of Australian Amateur feeling.

While the above represents the present position, what of the future? It is to the future we must look in all our deliberations so that a present plan may dovetail into any future scheme.

It is evident from these Editorials that no administration wishes to take the step to make such voluntary sub-divisions mandatory. We personally feel this to be a retrograde step, but how to face the problem in a few years. We have on record a motion from the 1948 Convention which reads: "That this Federal Council resolves to develop and foster the International exchange of information between Amateur Societies concerning the political and technical aspects of the most effective use of the amateur frequency spectrum."

This motion will be the guiding "star" for your Executive. Much has been done and is being done to this end by individuals. Single sideband suppressed carrier is a partial solution to the accommodation of additional phone stations within the spectrum. We foresee some such development in telegraphy technique with the greater need for sharper and yet sharper frequency discrimination.

The ultimate solution may be the entire exclusion of modulated carriers from c.w. operators' receivers and vice versa; the Amateur Radio Utopia of tomorrow. Our immediate aim is therefore to press on in the terms of the motion beforementioned, foster the technical developments that must eventually come and our longstanding problem of phone versus c.w. will be no more.

Right now, we must urge all Amateurs to recognise the present voluntary sub-division of our bands and at the same time, work and plan towards the ultimate goal enunciated above.

— W. T. S. M.

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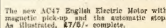
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The Phasing System of S.S.S.C.

BY F. M. NOLAN,* VK4FN

With the recent announcement that s.s.s.c. type A3A transmission is now permitted to Amateurs, quite a few of our members are asking what is Single Sideband Suppressed Carrier (s.s.s.c.). It is not proposed to go into deep theory on the subject, but instead to make the article as simple as possible and cover the practical side of the subject.

There seems little doubt that s.s.s.c. is destined eventually to supplant the now conventional double sideband system of modulation, because simple reasoning leads to the conclusion that a system of communication, which occupies twice the space required for the purpose it serves, cannot long last in view of the perpetual squeeze for more frequencies for every type of service.

When it is possible to eliminate one sideband and the carrier, one finds it impossible to find an argument in favour of the present system; more over, the use of s.s.s.c. will be a great help in solving the phone-c.w. controversy, which, as you know, has raged for years.

No, this single s.s.c. system of communication is not new—in fact it has been in use for many years in the P.M.G. Department on Carrier Telephone Systems, which is in effect wired radio; however, its use has been restricted because of the costly and exacting requirements of balanced modulators—several being required for satisfactory operation.

It is difficult to discover the originator of this system as applied to Radio, as we know it. In I.R.E. Proceedings for May, 1942, an article by Paul Loyet gives details of a system using balanced modulators, and in "Electronics" for November, 1945, a complete station is described by M. A. Honnell. However, this application is also very complex. It was not until 1946 when R. B. Bone in "Electronics" for December, designed a simple audio network capable of giving 90 degrees phase shift over a wide band of audio frequencies, that s.s.s.c. became a practical possibility for the Amateur. This phase shifting network is shown in Fig. 1a.

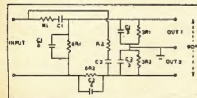


Figure 1a.

BASIC PHASE SHIFTING NETWORK

For Voice Frequency—

$$R1C1 = 100 \quad R2C2 = 453.$$

R in Ohms, C in Micro-Farads.

R1 should be 10,000 ohms,

R2 = 100,000 ohms.

* Dawn Street, Stafford Heights, Q'land.

Last month the Filter System of s.s.s.c. was fully described in "Amateur Radio," and this month the Phase Shifting System is presented by F. M. Nolan, VK4FN.

It seems s.s.s.c. has got something. With a.m. we waste power transmitting an unnecessary carrier, and two side bands which both carry the same intelligibility, and in addition takes up extra bandwidth into the bargain. Will we see the day when amplitude modulation is completely supplanted by s.s.s.c.?

As you know the sidebands generated in modulating a carrier are merely the sum and difference of the r.f. and audio signals. It is possible to produce the sidebands either by adding the audio and r.f. or subtracting the audio from the r.f. As subtraction is merely the addition of a negative quantity, this whole process could be called addition. Now if the device which effected the addition was arranged so that it would only produce the result of the addition and would not deliver the r.f. component without the audio first being present, a s.s. generator capable of operation at any radio frequency without filters would be possible. A device of this type has been known for years, but it has been wanting a simple practical way of producing the special type of audio modulating signals to make it work.

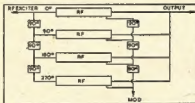


Figure 1.

Figure 1 shows the frequency adding circuit in block form, it consists of four r.f. amplifiers with their outputs commoned, the four amplifiers are excited from a common source with r.f. voltage which is shifted 90 degrees in phase from one amplifier to the next. They are all modulated by the same audio, but the audio is also shifted 90 degrees in phase between amplifiers. When there is no modulation present, the net output is zero; with modulation the output is either the sum of the r.f. and audio, or the difference between the two, depending upon the polarity of connecting the r.f. and audio amplifiers.

Now this system consists of two basic units.

- (1) A r.f. amplifier containing four tubes connected in such a way that the output developed in the load is progressively shifted 90 degrees in phase from tube to tube, and

- (2) A modulator delivering four outputs from the same audio signal which are also shifted 90 degrees from one output to the next to modulate the four r.f. tubes.

There is another way of looking at the progressive 90 degrees r.f. and audio shifts. Two 90 degree shifts in the same direction add up to 180 degrees, so one pair of r.f. tubes can be connected to deliver output to the load 180 degrees apart, while the other pair do the same thing, but is shifted 90 degrees in phase from the first pair. The same situation holds for the modulation, which can consist of two 180 degrees out of phase audio output with a 90 degree shift between them.

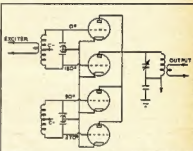


Figure 2.

Requirement 1 can be met in several ways. Figure 2 shows one possibility. Here a pair of two-tube amplifiers are used with the grid circuit of each amplifier consisting of an ordinary split tank. Excitation is applied to one grid circuit through a link, while the second circuit receives excitation by inductive coupling to the first. Two circuits inductively coupled and tuned to the same frequency, develop voltages 90 degrees apart, so the required 90 degrees between tubes is obtained. If the grid voltage in the upper tube of Figure 2 is assigned a reference of 0 degrees at some particular instant, the other tubes are seen to have relative grid voltage phases of 180, 90, and 270 degrees. To add the outputs of the four tubes in a common output circuit, the plates are merely tied together and connected to a single tank circuit.

The arrangement of Figure 3 accomplishes the same thing as Figure 2, as far as the output is concerned, because the tubes which are excited in parallel, induce voltages 180 degrees out of phase in the load circuit due to being connected to opposite ends of tank. The advantage of Figure 3 is that single excited circuits are used in the position of the unit where the 90 degrees shift must be produced and any simplification of phase shifting simplifies the adjustment of the amplifier. The balanced plate circuit is also somewhat easier to handle in a practical set-up than the single ended job.

Requirement 2 can be met by using Dome's method of phase shift.

The r.f. amplifiers in either Figure 1 or 2 will not deliver any output as shown, in either case the excitation frequency is cancelled in the output. If, however, the amplifiers are unbalanced by changing the output of the individual tubes in respect to each other, there will be a net output in the load circuit; if a fixed or static unbalance is introduced, the r.f. excitation appears in the output. If a varying unbalance is introduced by applying the four modulator voltages in such a way that each pair of tubes, which are drawn from the same grid circuit, gets 180 degrees shifted modulation, with the 90 degrees audio shift being between tubes connected to different grid circuits, the unbalance under modulation is such that a single sideband is produced, and there is no unbalance when there is no modulation the excitation in carrier frequency does not appear in the output.

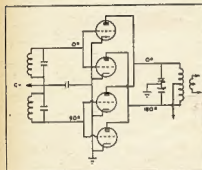


Figure 3.

Figure 3 shows in block form how the audio is applied to Figure 3. Any conventional system of modulation can be used with this system, provided that the modulated amplifiers are similar in at least one direction with respect to the modulation. Low level modulation has advantages due to the fact that phase shifting is best done at low levels. Also it makes for less audio power required in the modulator. Either control grid, screen grid or suppressor grid can be used to advantage, whilst screen grid modulation of tetrodes has certain advantages in efficiency.

Control grid modulation has a disadvantage in that the impedance looking into the grid varies over the modulation cycle. When the phase and amplitude of the r.f. grid voltage must be closely controlled, as it must be with a.s. generators, the grid must be heavily swamped with resistance to prevent changes under modulation. With screen grid modulation, tests have proved that the impedance change in the grid circuit is so small as not to effect the phase relationship in this circuit.

With screen grid modulation the audio requirements are small. For instance, two type 6L6 tubes can fully modulate 200 watts in this type of s.s.c. transmitter. The only catch is the modulation transformer. These require to match the plate of the modulator tube to some-

thing like 20,000 ohms and must be centre tapped very accurately. The balance of the windings must be good, otherwise the voltage delivered to each screen grid will not be exact, with the result distortion and non-linearity takes place.

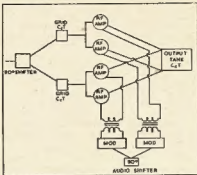


Figure 4

In experiments with this system, two different commercially built modulation transformers have been tried, and results were very disappointing. The writer then set about designing modulation transformers for the job, which were wound in a pair by a local transformer winder, and they worked out very well indeed.

PRACTICAL CIRCUIT Several combinations of r.f. amplifiers were designed and tried before the one shown in Fig. 5 was finally adopted. In this amplifier you will notice the grid circuits of the four tubes are arranged so as there is a 90° phase shift between each pair; this is achieved by inductive coupling. The plate circuit of these four tubes is arranged in a push pull-parallel circuit, but with a 90° phase shift grids at 180° shift in the plate circuit; that is, they are connected to opposite ends of the plate tank. A study of this will show that our requirements of Fig. 3 are now met and we now have an amplifier that when driven, will not give any output because the r.f. is effectively cancelled in the plate circuit of the amplifier.

The purpose of L3 is to reduce the direct coupling effect of L2 on the co-ax line linking the exciter to the p.a. It

is mounted at right angles to the grid coils and acts as a terminating load to the exciter.

The modulation system decided upon was screen grid for the following reasons:—(1) It is easy to apply to our generator; (2) S.G. Modulation does not have the same loading effect on the grid circuit as does grid modulation; (3) The modulator is inexpensive and easy to construct.

In this modulator the Dome method of phase shift, mentioned previously, was used. This resistance capacity method is simple to construct, and the average Ham will have little trouble with it as long as reasonable care is taken in selecting the various condensers and resistors. These must be within very narrow limits of the specified value and where two or more values are the same, they must all be of identical values.

Suppose we want four condensers of 200 pF., and on measuring we find we have three whose values are 201 pF. All we require is another one which measures 201 pF. and all is well, but if you use random commercial values, or take for granted the marked value of components, you will run into trouble. Measure and match all resistors and condensers in the 6SN7 stage, also the two amplifier stages following this.

With the Dome phase network, the impedance of the driver must be low compared to the network and to achieve this was a problem, as the drive to the modulator stage must be even to each stage, and we had the problem of obtaining two signal outputs which were 90° out of phase. Finally it was decided to use a 6SN7 tube with both triode sections in parallel with a load of 2,000 ohms in both plate and cathode circuits, under these conditions this driver gives a good output voltage and the tube is quite stable when driving the network. The remainder of the circuit is self-explanatory.

Now having built our modulator and side-band generator, let us put it to work. For this you require an audio-frequency oscillator, a cathode ray oscilloscope, and also a dummy load.

The modulator section should be tackled first, connect a 20,000 ohm resistor across each modulation transformer secondary and check d.c. voltages on all tubes to make sure the circuit is correct. Connect the oscillator

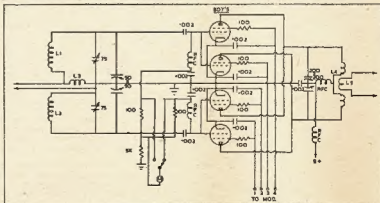


Figure 5

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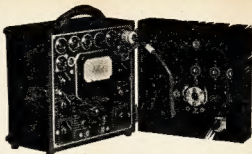
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The Series Tuned, Electron Coupled Oscillator

BY R. J. WHITE,* VK2AHM

Perhaps the thing that is of most general interest to all Hams, both DX men and those who indulge in purely local QSOs, is a v.f.o.

Of these, the one that has been most in the public eye of late, is the series tuned, or "Clapp" oscillator, and an excellent job it is, too.

Unfortunately, its low output has several drawbacks to a person who cannot use a multiplicity of tubes to build up this small output, and also to multiply its frequency to the band desired. It was in an endeavour to overcome this difficulty that the following circuit was evolved.

Firstly a 6K8G was tried in an arrangement which was simply the triode section of the tube as a series tuned oscillator, but coupled to the hexode portion in the electron stream internal to the tube, instead of externally via the cathode, as is commonly used.

This worked well, having all the stability and quality of the "Clapp" with quite some gain.

Still it was not considered that this output was great enough—which led to trying yet another scheme which has proved to be the best v.f.o. seen so far.

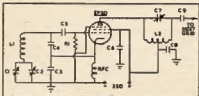
This time an EF50 was used as an electron coupled oscillator. But, instead of the grid coil with cathode tap arrangement, it used a series tuned grid. (The name "STECO" immediately came to mind.)

Results were extremely good! Owing to the high gain of the EF50, the output was greater than in any ordinary e.c.o. used, while retaining all the best features of the "Clapp". Not only is the "Steco" good on its fundamental frequency and as a doubler, but also gives

good output as a tripler and even as a quadrupler a useful amount of r.f. is obtained.

Stability is all that could be desired. Tests made, beating against WWV, show a drift of a few cycles over the first few minutes from cold and then a rock steady beat for seemingly an indefinite period.

This test was made with the grid coil on 14 Mc., doubling in the plate to 28 Mc.



C1, C7—50 pF. variable.

C2—100 pF. variable.

C3, C4—500 pF. ceramic.

C5, C9—100 pF. mica.

C6—0.01 uF. mica.

C8—0.005 uF. mica.

R1—100,000 ohms.

L1—All coils wound on 1½" plug-in coil formers. 80 metres: 43 turns of 24 gauge a.c. close wound; 40 metres: 17½ turns of 20 gauge bare, 1½" long; 20 metres: 7½ turns of 20 gauge bare, 1½" long.

L2—40 and 20 metre coils are wound on 1½" coil formers. 40 metres: 27 turns of 22 gauge enamel, 1½" long, tap 1½" t.; 20 metres: 10½ turns of 20 gauge enamel, 1½" long, tap 5½" t.; 10 metre coil is self supporting of 1½" diameter mounted in tube base: 8 turns of 18 gauge 1½" long, tap 4½" t. All taps counted from plate ends.

The note—from a series of critical reports asked for, especially on 10 metres—is T9X.

Keying was done in the plate of the second and final stage, a 6K7; which is not the best place. Although there is a difference of 20 volts between key up and down, there is no sign of chirp; the power supply being a generator. Keying in the cathode, as in the "Clapp", should prove quite in order, although it has not been tried.

Construction is simple as the writer deliberately made no attempt towards extreme care, meaning to try the oscillator out under adverse conditions. Coils are wound on ordinary 1½" diameter plug-in coil formers and only bakelite insulation used throughout for tuning condensers and tube socket.

One precaution was the mounting of the grid coil in a separate and very heavy aluminium box, which also contained the bandspread 50 pF. condenser.

It must be understood that the "Steco" is still in the experimental stage and has more to be done to it yet, e.g., the bandspread is not enough with the present condenser and some more work could be done on the coils. It is for that reason that this article is being written, for it wants someone who has much better facilities for frequency measurement, etc., than the writer has, to make one of these oscillators and try it out.

So anyone interested in a v.f.o. which, with say a 40 metre coil in the grid, will give an output on that band (there is some detuning in the plate circuit when used thus, and it is only used as a doubler), plus 20 and 15 metres and to a lesser degree 11 and 10 metres; this circuit is well worth a try. So let's hear your findings.

*Willow Point Station, Wentworth, New South Wales.

THE PHASING SYSTEM OF S.S.S.C.

(continued from page 5)

should be changed and the combination which results in only slight, or no drop in plate current, followed by a rapid increase as the modulation is increased, should be sought. When this has been found, a point will be noticed on the c.r.o., where as the modulation is increased, the output will stop increasing and the ripple begins to flatten off, this is the maximum modulation point at this stage. The loading and excitation should be adjusted so that maximum output is obtained before flattening occurs, checking to make sure that these changes do not cause a large drop in plate current at low modulation levels.

If the ripple is too slight to allow the flattening to be observed, a slight detuning of the condenser across L2 will produce the ripple. When adjusting for maximum loading and excitation, make sure to re-set this condenser to its former position, before the low modulation level test is made. The screen grid bias should be set to give minimum zero

modulation input, provided that the plate current shows an increase and not a decrease for low modulation input.

Remember when setting up and tuning a s.s.s.c. transmitter, modulation must be applied to obtain output.

The operating conditions at present in use here at 4FN and 4WI are:—

Plate voltage: 500 volts.

Screen grid voltage: —25 volts.

Grid current: 8 Ma. per pair of 807s.

Plate current, unmodulated: 20 Ma.

Plate current, modulated: 150 Ma.

COIL DATA FOR 7 Mc.

L1—17 turns of 22 gauge enamel, 1½" long, on trolitol former 1½" in diameter.

L2—18 turns of 22 gauge enamel, 1½" long, on trolitol former 1½" in diameter. Wire spacing about half the diameter of the wire.

L3—4 turns of 18 s.w.g. enamel, 1½" in diameter and 1½" long.

L4—8 turns plus 8 turns of 10 gauge copper wire, with ½" space in centre for swinging link. Overall length is 5½", and 2-3/16" inside diameter.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q13.—VK7LL is looking for a circuit of the BC659A. Can anyone help?

Q14.—VK3AKZ has a burnt out metal rectifier in the power pack of an MCRI receiver. Has anyone got details of the electrical properties of this rectifier or suggest a suitable replacement?

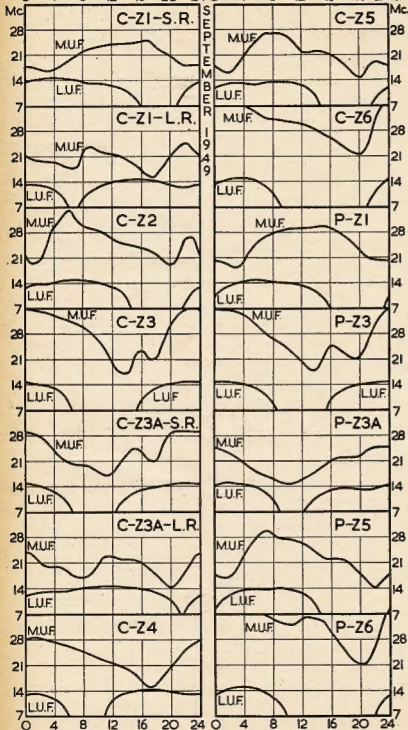
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YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION

TO

"AMATEUR RADIO"

IONOSPHERIC PREDICTIONS FOR THE AMATEUR BANDS



IONOSPHERIC PREDICTIONS FOR THE AMATEUR BANDS

SEPTEMBER, 1949

The accompanying charts have been prepared by the Ionospheric Prediction Service of the Commonwealth Observatory. The first set of the series was published in the November, 1948, issue of this magazine, together with an article explaining the nature of the forecasts and how to use them. Nine of the charts, prefixed by the letter "C" for Canberra, refer to forecasts for the South-Eastern Australian States. The remainder, prefixed by the letter "P" for Perth, are for Western Australia.

The Canberra charts refer to the following world zones:—

Zone	Region	Terminal
1	Western Europe	London
2	Mediterranean	Cairo
3	N-West America	San Francisco
3a	N-East America	New York
4	Central America	Barbados
5	South Africa	Johannesburg
6	Far East	Manila

The forecasts have actually been prepared for point-to-point circuits between Canberra and the overseas terminals mentioned in the above table. It is, however, to be expected that the charts will provide an approximate indication of ionospheric conditions for all Amateur contacts from South Eastern Australia to the various world zones.

The Perth charts are similar to those based on Canberra. No forecasts are given from Perth to Zones Z2 and Z4 for the current month, as chart P-Z2 would be essentially similar to chart P-Z1, while chart P-Z4 might be unreliable due to auroral activity in high northern latitudes.

USE OF CHARTS

All that is necessary in using the charts is to select a time (G.M.T.) during which a specified Amateur band frequency is below the maximum usable frequency (m.u.f.) of the F region of the ionosphere but above the lowest useful frequency (l.u.f.) for the desired contact. In two cases, Zones 1 and 3a it is necessary to consult both the short-route (S.R.) chart and the following long-route (L.R.) chart.

QUIZ

The Prediction Service welcomes comments on the accuracy of its predictions. In particular, answers to the following questions on the Canberra-Mediterranean circuit would be useful:

1. Was the 28 Mc. band workable for several hours before noon G.M.T.?
2. Did the 7 Mc. band regularly become workable soon after 1400 hours and unworkable at about 21 hours G.M.T.?
3. Were conditions good on the 14 Mc. band throughout the period noon to midnight G.M.T.?

Answers to the Quiz should be sent to the W.I.A. and should, if possible, refer to consistent results obtained on the majority of days in the month.

THE OLD MAN

"WE." On looking up the Oxford Dictionary I find the word "WE" given as the plural subject of I, Us or Our, why then do we have to listen to the nitwit who, when working a station, lets fly the following "We have a three element beam and we have a 50 foot tower, we have a pair of 800s in the final and so on." If the station is licensed to one person, how on earth can it suddenly become plural. This is a most irritating thing to listen to, maybe you fellows haven't looked at it in this light.

I can't possibly splatter, I have speech clipping in. How often have you heard those remarks and if you felt like I did, you would gnash your teeth and wonder at the child-like faith these people put into the fact that once having installed speech clipping, they can wind up the gain without any fear whatsoever of splatter.

If you do install clipping make sure that it is doing the job before you wind up the main. The limit, of course, is the bloke who knows it doesn't work and who goes along blithely taking up a quarter of the band. The outstanding exponent of this sort of thing this month is VK3UQ, as you said yourself, old man, your splatter suppressor definitely does NOT work.

Another of the Hams who knew his phone was bad, and believe me my analysis of it would have been putrid, was VK3ANT, the most dreadful phone I have heard in years with a horrible ripple and a hum on the carrier. If, as

you say, the hum is caused by the power supply being close to the dynamic mike, then for the love of mike get the darned thing away from it or keep off the air until your quality is lots better than when I heard you.

The best CQ merchant for the month is undoubtedly VK4TR. Dozens of CQs with an occasional call sign thrown in for luck. I bet you personally wouldn't have listened to a DX station who called like you did OM.

The palm for the best "butter-in" this month goes to VK2AGW. The story goes like this: VK2OQ was in contact with G3BI and with the CQO only half completed, up pops VK2AGW calling G3BI dead on 20Q's frequency with a request to test a new antenna. However anxious you might have been to get a check 2AGW, it would have been abiding by the Regulations to have waited until the QSO was completed and it would have been gentlemanly. As I heard one well-known Ham say the other day, this attitude of intolerance is to be deplored, where has the HAM SPIRIT gone these days? I believe it is still present, but sadly overshadowed by acts such as this.

VK2BK is another of the selfish splatterers and if the Yank believed all the bull you were putting over to him, I under-rate his intelligence. Incidentally your frequency was so close to being out of the band that had you coughed, the deed would have been done.

I was very surprised to hear a member of the Church say that three polar bears had called at his shack, but found it so cold that they decided to go back to the North Pole, how could you "Monty."

I have mentioned backgrounds in phone transmissions before, and VK5RR would be well advised to reduce the gain on his microphone and speak closer to it. You would be surprised at what that mike picks up. The most unstable v.f.o. for the month goes to VK6VM, in fact the worst wandering v.f.o. I have heard yet. I would suggest you put an anchor on it next time OM and see if that would hold it steady.

VK3MZ sounds as though he might be selling rabbits or something when he calls CQ on phone. It sounds something like this: CQ CQ CQ CQ CQ CQ CQ

Breaking in without announcing call signs is taboo and VK5KE would have collected a Pro-forma B had the Department been listening when I was. Even if you had to get the car out for your wife, it was no excuse for not announcing your call.

And finally, according to theories advanced under mathematical laws of probability and averages, an "uneducated monkey, banging away at a Morse key for a sufficiently long time would finally, though unknowingly, send a perfect three and three CQ and sign YOUR call." Cheers fellows until next month.

BOOK REVIEW.

A.R.R.L. ANTENNA BOOK

The new greatly enlarged 5th edition of the A.R.R.L. Antenna Book just published represents an accumulation of ten more years of the Amateur's experience in both war and peace in making the all-important ever fascinating "sky wire" carry signals to the ends of the earth. The data contained in this book are the result of practical experience both of the Authors and hundreds of Amateurs who have contributed to the practical know-how that this book expresses.

The book has two principal divisions, Chapters 1 through 5 deal with the principles of antennae and transmission lines, wave propagation and its relationship to antenna design, and the performance characteristics of directive antenna systems. These five chapters might be called a textbook on antennae; they enable the reader to design a system of his own to fit his particular needs.

Beginning with Chapter 6, there is a series of chapters in which complete data are given on specific designs for the various Amateur bands. The Amateur who has not studied the first section, or who wishes to avoid the necessity for making his own calculations, will find in these chapters the information necessary for putting up the system that appeals to him. The remaining chapters deal with the highly important mechanical features of construction and related subjects such as determining geographical directions.

The A.R.R.L. Antenna Book (Fifth Edition, 1948), by the Headquarters Staff of the American Radio Relay League, is the standard manual of design and construction of Amateur radio antenna systems and related subjects, completely

re-written and re-styled. 288 pages, 6½" x 9½", bibliography of antenna design, and a five-page topical index. There are 831 illustrations, including 72 charts and tables, 72 basic formulae. Available from McGill's Authorised Newsagency, price 10/8.

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North Coast Amateurs in Emergency Work

BY PETER ALEXANDER, VK2PA, W.L.A. ZONE OFFICER

Just over a month after the Hunter Valley floods, 26th and 27th July saw North Coast Amateurs in action during a cyclonic disturbance at Port Macquarie.

2SH and 2PA were authorised by the P.M.G.'s Department to handle urgent traffic to and from the town. Communications were cut on 25th July when gusts up to 84 m.p.h. and 12 inches of rain in three days damaged telephone circuits.

It was not until the local electricity authorities ran short of 11 k.v.a. chemical fuses, and a total black-out looked eminent, that the local engineer sought the assistance of local Amateurs. Doug 2SH, after interviewing the local postmaster, contacted 2ANF who telephoned the Wireless Branch and informed them of the position. The official station VNS

opened up on 7 Mc. and traffic was handed on that frequency until 1700 hours. In the interim 2PA re-erected an 80 metre zepp, while not assisting at 2SH, and at 1700 hours 2PA was put into operation on 4720 Kc. using the call sign VNS1. A continuous watch was kept until 2100 hours and more traffic was handled.

Watch was again set at 0900 hours on the 27th on 7 Mc., working 2AA. In the meantime the P.M.G. had restored normal line communication and the emergency watch was closed at 1215 hours.

During the afternoon of the 26th July shifts were organised, in case it became necessary to run a continuous watch through the night. Operators available, in addition to 2SH and 2PA, were 2DS, Len Smith (awaiting a call sign), Bill

Smith P.M.G., and 2PA's father (a budding Ham).

Emergency battery operated equipment was ready to go, and it would have been set up at the local post office, but it was not required.

Most of the North Coast gang 2XO, 2GS, 2ANF and 2AEY were handy if needed.

Bill 2AEY was standing by in case the lines to Tarra failed. The cyclone lasted three days and was the worst Port Macquarie had experienced for many years. Much damage was done to crops and some to buildings, not to forget the demise of beams and other Ham antennae. Considering the force of the wind, the town escaped very lightly.

"Operation Omeo"

When bad weather conditions prevailed in the Eastern and North-Eastern parts of Victoria, a state of emergency arose when road and wire line communications were interrupted on Wednesday, 20th July.

Omeo and districts suffered a terrific blizzard and heavy falls of snow which resulted in roads into and out of the town being completely blocked and telephone and telegraph lines being brought down for distances up to ten miles.

The roads to the Gap, Smith's Creek, Mt. Hotham, and Benambra were also closed for miles by heavy snowdrifts.

Bill Williams VK3WE opened up on the 7 Mc. band at approximately 1100 hours on 20/7/49 and called "CQ Emergency, Melbourne." This call was heard by Jerry Lane, of Nunawading, an Institute Associate, who rang the Institute Secretary, Mrs. Cross, at the W.L.A. office. Mrs. Cross contacted Reg Busch VK3LS who promptly alerted Bill Brownbill VK3BU (Geelong), Max Howden VK3BQ, and Bert Leckie VK3LH.

VK3BU handled a message from VK3WE for the P.M.G. This message was handed into the Geelong Post Office for transmission to the branch concerned. The telegraphic section contacted VK3LS later in the afternoon and gave an engineering telephone number, that would receive any further P.M.G. messages from the Network. They also forwarded their regards for the co-operation rendered.

At 1800 hours VK3LS stood by on sked for VK3WE, but at 1750 hours the Omeo power supply failed and VK3WE was not on the air until later in the night.

No emergency messages were handled on 21/7/49, but on Friday afternoon Gordon Dennis VK3TF advised VK3LS that VK3WE was again calling "CQ Emergency, Melbourne." Ken Rankin VK3KR (Benalla) stood by while Ivor Stafford VK3XB received a message from VK3WE for D24 (Melbourne Police Department).

At 1630 hours, D24 asked VK3LS to pass a message via VK3WE to the Omeo police. Later D24 asked for full details of the Emergency Network and also offered their thanks for the help rendered.



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3. Inclusive all valves, the "640" is a 9-valve job with one tuned R.F. stage, F.C., two I.F. stages, detector-A.V.C.-1st audio, 2nd audio output, noise limiter, B.F.O., and rectifier. The valves used, in that order, are EF39, 6K8, EF39, EF39, 6Q7, 6V6, EB34, EF36, and 6X5. These are all international octal based on Mullard or Brimar versions and are therefore easily replaceable.
4. INPUT IMPEDANCE—400 ohms.
5. TUNING RANGE—(1) 31 to 12.5 Mc/s.
(2) 12.5 to 5 Mc/s.
(3) 5 to 1.7 Mc/s.
6. TUNING.—An electrical band-spread arrangement is used for this purpose. Fly-wheel control is utilised on the band-spread condenser drive. The scale is clearly marked with all Amateur bands, and is so arranged to enable accurate re-setting to a spot frequency.
7. I.F. FREQUENCY—1600 Kc/s.
8. CRYSTAL FILTER is vacuum mounted to provide a high degree of stability. Phasing control and "in/out" switch are brought out to the front panel.
9. Sensitivity is better than 2 microvolts input, for 50 milliwatts output, at all frequencies.
10. OUTPUT.—Audio frequency output exceeds 3.5 watts.
11. "S" METER.—A socket is provided for an external "S" Meter (Cat. No. 669).

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VK-ZL International DX Contest 1949

The Wireless Institute of Australia, in conjunction with the New Zealand Association of Radio Transmitters, has pleasure in announcing the Rules for the 149 VK-ZL DX Contest, and trust that the Contest this year will be even more popular than in the past. This Contest has proved the popularity and been looked forward to by Amateurs, not only in VK and ZL, but by very many stations all over the world. So remember the dates, join in and have lots of good contacts.

Objects.—For the world to contact VK and ZL stations and vice versa.

When:

- 1401 G.M.T. 30th September to 1350 G.M.T. 2nd October—c.w. operation.
- 1401 G.M.T. 7th October to 1330 G.M.T. 9th October—phone operation.
- 1401 G.M.T. 16th October to 1339 G.M.T. 16th October—c.w. operation.
- 1401 G.M.T. 21st October to 1350 G.M.T. 22nd October—phone operation.

Duration: (a) For contest purposes, VK and ZL stations will limit their period of operation to no more than consecutive 24 hour period on each week-end, within the times given above. Once a station commences operation, the operator will not exceed 24 consecutive hours of operation reckoned from such commencing time.

(b) Stations in all other countries may contact VK and ZL stations at any time within the operating periods shown above.

But for

1. There shall be three main sections to the Contest: (a) Transmitting (phone and c.w.) - phone and c.w. (b) Receiving (phone and c.w.) - phone and c.w. (c) Combined (phone and c.w.) - open events (all bands) or on one or more individual bands, provided they submit a log for each individual band.
2. The Contest shall be open to all licensed Amateur transmitters and receiving stations in any part of the world. No prize entry need be made. Member stations are not permitted to enter the Contest. (a) Stations are not permitted to enter the Contest.
3. CW will be used for the first and third rounds. Phone will be used for the second and fourth rounds. Stations entering for both phone and c.w. sections must submit separate logs for each (see Form 100).
4. All Amateur receiving bands may be used.
5. Only one contact per band per week-end with any one station (for contest purposes) is permitted. A station may be contacted by more than one operator, any one station under the owner's call sign. Should two or more operators operate any

petitor and must submit a separate log under his own call sign.

8. Each participant will assign himself a serial number of three figures. When two or more operators work from the one station, each will assign himself a different serial number. This serial number must remain unaltered for phone and c.w. operation.
9. Serial numbers to be exchanged during the Contest, will be as follows. The FIRST three numbers are those chosen in Rule 6, and will be retained throughout the Contest; and the SECOND three numbers will commence 700 for the first contact, and for subsequent contacts will be the FIRST three numbers of the Station of the previous contact.

DEWEY

10. Three initials may be claimed for a complete exchange of serial numbers. No points may be claimed for a partial exchange of numbers is completed by both stations.
11. Multipliers.—(a) For VK and ZL stations. For each band, the multiplier will be the number of stations in the band. (b) For stations in the U.S.A. each call area shall be considered a country. The official A.R.R.L. or W.I.A. Counties List will be used.
- (b) For other Stations. For each band, the multiplier will be the number of VK-ZL districts worked. (c) For stations in the U.S.A. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and ZL 1, 2, 3, 4.
- (c) Stations entering the open (all bands) sections, will add together countries or VK-ZL districts worked.
12. Total points scored (Rule 10) by the multiplier as applicable (Rule 11) shall determine the score.
13. Logs.—(a) Logs must show in this order: Date, Time (G.M.T.), Band of Operation, Call of Station, Name of Operator, Name of Station, Points received, Points claimed, and New Country (VK-ZL district) worked.
- (b) A separate log must be submitted for each band. (c) A separate summary must be given showing (i) List of Countries (VK-ZL districts) worked. (ii) Total number of contacts made on each band. (iii) Total number of points scored.
- (d) Entrants in the open sections need only show (i) and (ii) for each band.
- (e) Entrants in the closed sections must show the call sign of the station, name and address of the operator, whether phone or c.w., single band or all band worked, and the number of contacts made. No explanation that all contest rules and regulations for Amateur Radio in your particular country have been observed, and that the log is correct and true to fact is necessary.

11. The judges reserve the right to disqualify any station for (a) Consistent tone reports under T8; (b) Continuing key clicks; (c) phone splatter and/or excessive modulation, and (d) off frequency operation.

15. The Federal Executive of the W.L.A. shall be the sole adjudicator and their ruling will be binding in the case of any dispute.

- 16 Overseas stations should call "OQ VK ZL" and VK ZL stations "OQ DX TEST".
- 17 Awards: Attractive Certificates will be awarded to the station assuming the highest score from each particular country and each cal area in the U.S.A. Additional Certificates may be issued at the discretion of the Contest Committee.

18. There shall be no World winner V.H.Z.L. trophies, awards, etc., will be announced by the W.I.A. and the N.Z.A.R.T., respectively.

- 19 Entries from overseas stations should be endorsed "VK-ZL Contest" and should be forwarded to reach the W.I.A., Box 26:1W, G.P.O., Melbourne, by 10th January, 1950. Logs from ZL stations should reach the same address by the 15th November, 1949. VK logs will be sent to their respective Divisions and onforwarded to reach the Box by the 15th November, 1949.

RECEIVING CONTEST

2. The Rules for the Receiving Contest are the same as for the Transmitting Contest, but is open to all members of any Short Wave Listeners' Society in the world. No transmitting station is permitted to enter for the receiving contest too.

2. The Contest times and the logging of stations on each band per week-end are subject to the same rules as for the transmitting contest, except that listening stations in Australia and New Zealand may listen and log stations over the whole period of the contest. Logs will be in the same form as for the transmitting contest.

3. To count for points, the call sign of the station being called, the strength and tone of the calling station, together with the serial numbers sent by the calling station must be entered in the log. Three points may be claimed for each entry in the log complying with the above.
4. It is not sufficient to log a station calling CQ
- Control

5. VK receiving stations cannot log VK stations and ZL receiving stations cannot log ZL stations. Only overseas stations may be logged, but VKs may log ZLs and vice versa. Overseas stations will log only VK and ZL stations heard operating in the segment.

8. The awards in the receiving contest will be similar to those in the transmitting contest.

A.R.C.I. DX Contest September 1949

PHOTOGRAPHY

1. The Contest is open to all Licensed Amateurs of countries lying between the latitudes 10°N and 180°E, i.e. roughly from South Africa to New Zealand, and from Europe to Japan, in the North.
2. Distinctive certificates will be awarded to the three leading local and DX stations and also to the leading station in each of the four groups. DX station entries are received. Entries must be received not later than 30th November, 1949, and should be addressed to A.R.C.I. DX Contest (Sept. '49), P.O. Box 10, London W.10.
3. The decision of the Contest Committee will be the final.
4. Only the entrant is allowed to operate a specific station during the contest.
5. The contest will extend from 1700 hours I.S.T. (1100 hours G.M.T.), Saturday, September 17, to 2400 hours I.S.T. (1800 hours G.M.T.), Sunday, September 18, and from 1700 hours I.S.T. (1100 hours G.M.T.), Saturday, September 24, to 2400 hours I.S.T. (1800 hours G.M.T.), Sunday, September 25, 1949.
6. All local stations will exchange with stations in all the countries within the contest zone.
7. (A) For all phone contacts—Five figure groups, the first two digits indicating the signal report (I.S. only) and the last three digits indicating the number of the contact, contacts made by the entrant for the eighth station contacted by the entrant whose signals are R5 R6 the five figure group will be 88088.
8. (B) For all C.W. contacts—Six figure groups, the first two digits indicating the signal report (I.S. only) and the last three digits showing the serial number of the station contacted, e.g. for the eighth station contacted, the entrant's number will be 889081.

7. For the purpose of this contest, all stations in India, Burma, Ceylon, and Pakistan will be considered as local stations, the rest of the countries will be divided into zones according to the official country code list.

5. Bands.—Only 14 and 28 Mc. Amateur bands will be used.

9. Scoring.—Contacts will count only between one local station and a DX station. No contacts between two local stations or between two DX

- (a) For phone contacts one point per station worked in EACH band will count.

- (b) For c.w. contacts a 30 per cent. bonus will be awarded to an entrant who works exclusively on c.w. during the contact.

- (n) For mixed c.w. and phone contacts no special advantages will be permitted and points will be awarded as in para 8(a) above.

- (d) Only ONE contact with any one station will count for points in one band during any one week- and Stations worked during the first week and second week will count.

10. Band monitoring stations under the auspices

- of the A.R.U.L. will be active during the contest and any station reported off frequency will be disqualified.

11. The conditions laid down in the entrants' license will be observed.

- details should be forwarded at the end of the contest. (a) Date, (b) Time I.S.T. (or G.M.T.), (c) Frequency, (d) Call of the station worked.

18. In addition to the information required vide

- para. 12, the log sheet should also contain the following: (a) Call sign of the entrant, (b) Name of the operator (in blocks), (c) Address, (d) De-

- tails of his transmitter, (e) Input power, (f) Receiver, (g) Antenna, (h) A signed declaration as follows: "I hereby certify that my station was

BENDIX FREQUENCY METERS

(BC 211)

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Also offering, new and tested
832 Valves at £3, sockets 14/6.
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available.

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FIFTY MEGACYCLES AND ABOVE

Compiled by J. K. RIDGWAY, VK3CR.

Warwick Parsons (AP5) forwards a very interesting letter received from Laurie Sjöberg (88Z). 88Z is stationed at broadcast station SRM, Remuera, the chief engineer of which is Hughie Lloyd (88C) who is very interested in so much of the work of the South Australian, New South Wales and Victorian v.h.f. men that I think the best course is to quote his letter in full.

"We have formed a radio 'school' up here. We're being Fred Martens (3MA), Hughie Lloyd (88C), and myself 88Z, and our class comprises four local boys who are very interested in the game. The idea being to get three lads their tickets and then to form a radio club. The Murray Nell—in opposition to the 'Northern Net'. Our club frequency will be 144 Mc—equipment for that being the first consideration for local rag chews, etc. The whole thing has very good possibilities as you can realise, being in a central position with regard to S.A., N.S.W., and Victoria, so when everything takes shape in the near future, plenty will be doing. We three Hams are all on shift work, but there is always one of us to take the class. Our meetings are held once a week and the boys are beginning to get ahead now. We had to start right from scratch—with both theory and code.

"The most important thing is a forthcoming 50 Mc. test from Accommodation Hill to be carried out in the near future. Hugh is building a portable 7 Mc. rig to use for general communication and he will take his 50 Mc. transmitter with him, also some 144 Mc. kit completed in time. Fred Martens is also going with Hugh—plus respective families, etc. (making a day of it you see). I'll be at SRM working things from there. 88Z is at Gawler and 50P, Adelaide, are two others joining in the fun and anyone interested is cordially invited to—no—regularly to go to Accommodation Hill, but please from other points or from the local QTH. No date has been fixed, that depending on when gear is completed, but plenty of notice will be given. However more details of the equipment, etc., will be given as soon as more details are worked out. Accommodation Hill is the last of the hills of the Mt. Lofty Range on the main road to the River districts. It is about five miles from Truro and from it you look right out over the Murray Valley flats, ideal from 'line of sight' point of view!

"Hugh has been rather quiet of late, his activities being confined to a few QSOs on 40, and a lot of thinking about what to build for 144 Mc. that is, something bigger and better than the 7193 transmitter we have been experimenting with. He doesn't seem to have any spare equipment, so he has been buying odd pieces of discarded equipment, too, so something worth while should be forthcoming in the future.

"For my part, I've bought up lots of odd discards, gear, an AT5 being amongst it, and I am gradually building up all the gear for a nice little Ham station. A few months should see us active on 40 and possibly 10 also. At the moment I'm building a 144 Mc. transmitter, using a 7193 as 73 Mc. (approx.) oscillator, a doubler using another 7193, driving an 88Z final. With the four element beam (already in use with transmitter, etc.) and with the receiver set up to be built yet, I may do things with DX on 144! Who can tell? Hope to make Mr. Gambler, so watch out in a couple of months says. At the moment I'm building a 144 Mc. is a simple 'rush job', no good at all for DX, but when I get this rig going, I'll tell them that! Next thing we see is three elements and a few weeks yet before I'll be ready.

"Fred Martens also is busy unwrapping boxes of disposal gear and trying to think of things to make. He has an SRM 34 Mc. and has a crystal set controlled rig on that band. At the moment he is busy building a good receiver. The other day saw him leaning about with lengths of conduit and a gram in his eye! Next thing we see is three elements beam hovering precariously on a pole outside his house! He carried out tests with Hugh and strange as it seems, it worked quite well, miracles never!"

"Recently we did a broadcast of the Morgan Races. Hugh went to Morgan while I was at SRM. I was on 34 Mc. with a receiver with him and I transmitted from SRM, and we conducted tests at various points between here and there. Morgan is approximately 50 miles from Perth, but he couldn't hear them there, but he got me at the Perth-Taylerville—which is about eight miles from Morgan. Nothing like mixing business with pleasure—or vice versa!

Laurie concludes by promising to forward monthly reports from 'The Murray Net'.

FURTHER NEWS OF VIC. V.H.F. MARATHON

It has been realized that if the checking of logs is left until the conclusion of the Contest it will prove a terrific job for those responsible, so it has

been decided to ask stations participating (and we hope this is everyone active on the v.h.f. bands) to send in details of contacts for which points are being claimed EARLY! These details must cover activity from the first day to the last day of the month, inclusive.

Points to be covered are: (1) Date, (2) Time of contact, (3) Station used, (4) Call sign of station worked, (5) Reports received and given, (6) Distance (see below), (7) Points claimed for contact.

The multiplier must be given only if more than 1 point is being claimed for the contact. The distance need be on 7 gives approximately unless it appears that the station worked is at such a distance that it is difficult to determine the number of points to be claimed for the contact. If this is so, make a note to this effect alongside details of the contact and the distance will be checked on an accurate map.

The multiplier will apply to each month's work. Thus if during one month a station works on 144 Mc. alone, the score for that month will be multiplied by one. If during the next month he works on 144 and 576 Mc., that month's score will be multiplied by 1 plus 2, i.e. by 3.

If a station works on both the total month's score and include it on the entry, it will be a help to those checking the logs, however, this is not essential and as long as the details asked for above are included all will be well.

Do not forget to include your name, call sign, address and forward the details to reach Keith King, VK3AKI, c/o Vic. Division, V.I.A.L., 182 Queen Street, Melbourne, C.I. on or before the 6th of the month. A certain amount of extra time will be allowed this month, due to uncertainty of the date of appearance of this information.

We would once again appeal to all stations to support the Marathon, remember you do not have to be active over the entire period, but can send in a log for whatever class you are in during the six months of the competition. Don't forget those prizes that are being offered!

50 Mc. NEWS OF THE MONTH

New South Wales.—The signs indicate that the coming v.h.f. season will be by far the best yet. This combined with the Victorian v.h.f. contest and increasing interest being shown in the work by stations who normally work 10-30-40 metres is most encouraging. The v.h.f. gang have better receivers, better antennas, and more efficient transmitters. More warts are shown along the surface owing to stacked antennas.

The v.h.f. contest in N.S.W. has brought 84 stations in the 50 Mc. class. The following stations heard regularly in Sydney are: 28Z, 2YU, 2RQ (hard to work), and 2ADT. 2UF was worked by 2AR but has been silent for awhile. Frank will be going on 8 and 3 metres from now on and will be looking for contacts on both bands. 32Z has r.f. on 3 metres now. 2ADT has cleaned things up after a little ribbon-line fiasco trouble, but has very solid signal now. 2RQ has 3 over 8 and 30 Mc. listens on six and will be transmitting on two soon. 2YL is eager to contact now from poor location. The Sydney gang will be looking for 2UF and 2LH any time bands can be arranged, also 3FA.

In Sydney stations re-building or completing new gear are: 2AWZ 815 p.c., nice sig. 2HO same, yet to be put on air. 2NO something new. 2KD will be going on six and 30 Mc. soon. 2RQ on mobile and works plenty of stations. 2XX has excellent signal with 5 watts, contacts Newcastle districts. 2ARG has 3 over 3 on six now up and is electrically rigid. 2BD has been missed and increased signal plenty. 2AMV, of Gosford, back again. 2RU is always solid in Sydney. 2AH has transmitter that works from 40 to 3 metres. 2MQ re-building still, with complete re-arrangement of all transmitters.

2NP after hard local work. 2ZN has nice signal from 'Harmonic Centre' (local 30 Mc. antenna). 2LD has beam from 'Dentone' (local) which is still remarkably directional. 2ARB now tuning up 2ARZ using a beam soon. Also has 2nd op. assisting him. 2B 831 m.w.p. for 5 watts is a great success. 2VP has nice quality and plenty of power with 'halo' on six. 2OL had fine signal recently in Sydney. Like to have more QSOs! Arch.

The congestion around 50 to 52 Mc. is becoming really serious. Many distant stations are within these frequencies. Such are: 2OU, 2BZ, 2UP, 2LY, 2YL, 2EQ. Local QSOs could be carried out higher than 50 Mc. but the frequency of the band, Interstate QRZ later during break throughs is going to cause many spilt QSOs.

No v.h.f. meetings have taken place in Sydney

owing to restrictions. The Committee have met for special occasions to arrange contests, etc.

Victoria.—There are a few sporadic E openings to report this month. On the 15th of July, 42N was hearing harmonics from VKX in the 50 Mc. band. On the 16th 42N was contacted 3BQ who had just got home and had been informed over the phone by an s.w. that 42N had been audible since 1503.

The next day short skip was observed on 28 Mc. from 1800 on but 42N, about the only VK on the band these days apparently, did not get home until 1450. He then heard 8VJ and contacted 8VL, 8GF, 8PO, 3YX, 50D, and 8WV. The band remaining open until 1715. On the 17th 42R of Brundage was heard working VKs from 1800 to 1850, signals were not very strong however.

The band is much the same as it has been for the past few months in Melbourne, the usual sta-

(Continued on page 17)

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FEDERAL, QSL, and DIVISIONAL NOTES

Federal President: W. R. Gronow, VK3WG; Federal Secretary: W. T. & Mitchell, VK3UM, Box 8511W, G.P.O., Melbourne.

NEW SOUTH WALES

Secretary—Dick Dowe (VK3RP), Box 11754, G.P.O., Sydney.

Meeting Night—Fourth Friday of each month at Science House, Corner Gloucester and Essex Sts., Sydney.

Divisional Sub-Editor—J. D. O'Callaghan, VK3AM, 14th Watson Street, Neutral Bay, N.S.W.

Zone Correspondents—North Coast and Tablelands: P. A. E. Alexander, VK1PA, Hill Rd., Port Macquarie, New South Wales; E. J. Baker, VK3FP, 13 Skellon St., Hamilton, Newcastle; Coastlands and Lakeland: H. Hawkins, VK3YL, 87 Comfort Ave., Cessnock, New South Wales; G. J. Russell, VK1QA, 116 Regan St., Nymang, South Coast and Tablelands; R. H. Rayner, VK3DO, 48 Pettit St., Yass, Southern; E. N. Arnold, VK3FO, 878 Forest Hill Ave., A.bury, Western Suburbs; A. C. Pearce, VK3ABH, 48 Harroldsbury Ave., Five Dock, Eastern Suburbs; H. Kerr, VK3AK, No. 4 Flit., 144 Herby Rd., North Sydney; I. D. O'Callaghan, VK3AM, 779 Military Rd., Moonee; S. George, J. A. Ackerman, VK3ALG, 33 Park Rd., Carlton; South Sydney: V. H. Wilson, VK3YW, Cr. Wilson St. and Marine Pde., Maroubra.

VICTORIA

Secretary—G. D. Gray, VK3WG.

Administrative Secretary—Mrs. O. Cross, Law Court Chambers, 191 Queen St., Melbourne, C.I.

Meeting Night—First Wednesday of each month at the Radio School, Melbourne Technical College.

Zone Correspondents—North Western: R. E. Trebilcock, VK3TA, 113 Victoria St., Kerang; Western: G. C. Waring, VK3VW, 12 Stone St., Mordialloc, South Western: W. H. Ross, VK3UJ, Ballarat, via Warrnambool; South Eastern: J. A. Miller, VK3ABO, "Griswold," Avenue, Far North-Western: Frank S. Barry, VK3EM, 48 Walnut Ave., Mildura; Eastern Zone: Mrs. P. M. Churchward, VK3US, "Shirley," Red Hill.

FEDERAL

DX C.C. LISTING

This month we welcome the first VEA to the list—VK3FT. Congratulations to you, Ron.

PHONE

VK3JD (1)	..	..	..	34	155
VK3RU (1)	..	..	..	37	131
VK3RU (2)	..	..	..	38	119
VK3BD (1)	..	..	..	37	110
VK3SD (9)	..	..	..	37	109
VK3DO (5)	..	..	..	37	109

C.W.

VK3BE (8)	..	..	..	40	145
VK3CN (1)	..	..	..	40	145
VK3RU (4)	..	..	..	40	145
VK3QL (5)	..	..	..	40	132
VK3AL (9)	..	..	..	39	139
VK3EK (8)	..	..	..	39	131
VK3RU (10)	..	..	..	39	131
VK3HR (8)	..	..	..	39	117
VK3SD (5)	..	..	..	40	115
VK3DO (1)	..	..	..	40	115
VK3RP (11)	..	..	..	38	110
VK3UM (12)	..	..	..	38	105

OPEN

VK3BE (4)	..	..	..	40	171
VK3RU (8)	..	..	..	40	169
VK3RU (9)	..	..	..	37	163
VK3JF (12)	..	..	..	39	147
VK3JF (13)	..	..	..	39	147
VK3M (6)	..	..	..	39	138
VK3HR (7)	..	..	..	39	138
VK3RU (13)	..	..	..	39	137
VK3EK (1)	39	137
VK3EL (10)	39	139
VK3OP (19)	39	138
VK3NS (16)	39	122

New Open Member

VK3FL (26)	116
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COUNTRIES LIST

As an accurate map of the partition of Palestine is now in hand, care is being checked for both Arab Palestine and Israel. Cards for contacts before the date of partition will only count for Palestine but for contacts after this date (14th May, 1948) will count for either Arab Palestine or Israel.

The following alterations to prefixes in the Countries List are notified:—

For Bahrain Island substitute prefix MP.

For Kuwait substitute prefix KG.

For Roumania substitute prefix YO.

WI BROADCASTS

All Amateurs are urged to keep these frequencies clear during a period of 15 minutes after the official Broadcasts.

VK3W—Sundays, 1100 hours EST, 7196 Kc. and 1000 hours EST, 54.4 Mc. No frequency checks available for VK3W.

VK3W—Sundays, 1100 hours EST, simultaneously on 5687 and 7196 Kc. and re-broadcast on 50 and 144 Mc. bands. Intra-State working frequency 7195 Kc. Intra-State frequency checks of Amateur Stations given when VK3W is on the air.

VK4W—Sundays, 0900 hours E.S.T. simultaneously on 3750 Kc., 7196 Kc., 14484 Kc., 15.4 Mc. and 144.230 Mc. Frequency checks are given two nights weekly, and the times are announced during Sunday broadcasts. 7185 Kc. channel is used from 1900 to 1930 hours each Sunday as VK4 query service to VK4W.

VK5W—Sundays, 1000 hours EAST, on 7196 Kc. Frequency checks are given by VK5W on Friday evenings on the 7 and 14 Mc. bands.

VK6W—Saturdays 1400 hours, Sundays 0900 hours WEST, on 7196 Kc. No frequency checks available.

VK7W—Second and Fourth Sundays at 1000 hours E.S.T. on 7196 Kc. No frequency checks are available.

"VOICE OF AMERICA" BROADCASTS

As from the 15th June, 1949, the A.R.R.L., through the "Voice of America" stations in the 11, 15, 17, and 21 Mc. broadcast bands at 3045 hours G.M.T., Saturday (0445 E.A.S.T. Sunday), and again at 1300 hours G.M.T., Sunday (1000 E.A.S.T. Sunday) on the 9, 11, 15, and 17 Mc. broadcast bands, broadcasts a programme of interest to Amateurs throughout the Far East. These are each 15 minute programmes.

Items of interest from the broadcast of 21st July, and given by Bill Leonard, W8EL, included a talk on L.V. and the steps being taken by U.S. Amateurs to combat it. DX news by Rod Newkirk (DX Editor of "QST"), an interesting interview with Pat Miller, WA8B ex-BCPM, and ionospheric predictions for 28 Mc. for August.

These broadcasts should prove of great interest to all Australian Amateurs and help all to keep abreast with the latest news from Overseas.

W.I.A. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

Sept. 17-18: First week-end Indian DX Contest.

Sept. 24-25: Second week-end of Indian DX Contest.

Sept. 25-27: 3rd Direction Finding Contest.

Oct. 1-2: 1949 VK-ZL DX Contest (phone).

Oct. 8-9: 1949 VK-ZL DX Contest (phone).

Oct. 15-16: 1949 VK-ZL DX Contest (c.w.).

Oct. 22-23: 1949 VK-ZL DX Contest (phone).

Oct. 25-26: European DX Contest.

Nov.: "CQ" DX Contest.

CONTROL OF MODELS

The P.M.G.'s Department have notified F.E. that as from the 22nd July 1949, Australian Amateurs are permitted to use A0, A1 and A2 type emblems on the control of model aircraft and boats. The frequencies on which this radio control may be used are the Amateur bands of 144 Mc. and upwards.

The P.M.G. also have informed that, on individual applications, permission may be granted for the use of the band 40.65 to 40.7 Mc. for the same purpose.

BROADCASTS FROM VK3WA

Until such time as a Federal transmitter is obtained, they will be given by VK3UM with the call sign, VK3WA. No regular schedule is planned as yet, but should any items of general interest

QUEENSLAND

Secretary—W. L. Stevens, VK4TB, Box 6593, G.P.O., Brisbane.

Meeting Night—Last Friday in each month at the State Service Building, Elizabeth St., City.

Divisional Sub-Editor—P. H. Shannon, VK4NS, Minden, via Rosewood.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Secretary—E. A. Barber, VK3KD, Box 1234K, G.P.O., Adelaide.

Meeting Night—Second Tuesday of each month at 17 Waymouth St., Adelaide.

Divisional Sub-Editor—W. W. Parsons, VK4PS, 483 Esplanade, Henley Beach.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Secretary—W. E. Olson, VK6AG, 7 Howard St., Perth.

Meeting Place—Padbury House, Cr. St. George's Ter. and King St., Perth.

Meeting Night—Watch the Monthly Bulletin.

Divisional Sub-Editor—George W. Ashley, VK6OA, 25 Mare Street, Carlisle, Western Australia.

TASMANIA

Secretary—E. D. O'May, VK7OM, Box 871B, G.P.O., Hobart.

Meeting Night—First Wednesday of each month at the Photographic Society's Rooms, 163 Liverpool St., Hobart.

Divisional Sub-Editor—Capt. R. J. Cruise, VK1EZ, Angelsea Barracks, Hobart.

Northern Correspondent: C. P. Wright, VK1LE, 2 Knight St., Launceston.

be necessary, they will be promulgated, if possible, at 2000 hours E.A.S.T. on Fridays on 7007 Kc. and again at 1300 hours E.A.S.T. on Sundays on 14038 Kc.

The first of these broadcasts promulgated the information in the previous paragraph on the 23rd July on 7196 and 7007 Kc. at 2000 hours E.A.S.T. and again on 14038 Kc. at 1300 hours on the 24th July.

Regular schedules are kept with VJAW and are being arranged with the R.S.G.B. and the N.E. A.R.T.

FEDERAL CONSTITUTION ALTERATION

Federal Executive, on behalf of the Federal Council of the Wireless Institute of Australia, hereby give notice of its intention to alter the FEDERAL CONSTITUTION OF THE WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUSTRALIA (as amended) 1947, Part III, Section 9, as follows:—

"Each representative of a Division on the Federal Council shall be elected annually during the period of sixty days immediately prior to the commencement of the annual Federal Convention by the voting members of the respective Division."

1948 VK-ZL DX CONTEST RESULTS

A letter has been received from the Contest Manager of the N.Z.A.R.T. apologising for the delay in notifying the W.I.A. of the results of the 1948 Contest. It is hoped to have them to hand for the next issue of "A.R." Elsewhere in this issue will be found the Rules for the 1949 Contest, conducted by the W.I.A. The first contest held by the newly-formed Amateur Radio Club of India (official Indian Society) is also notified, and the rules will be found to be somewhat different to the usual run of contests. Give both these Contests your support, and make them a success.

COMMERCIAL STATIONS IN AMATEUR BANDS

By the time this notice appears in print, the report sheets should be ready for distribution to all who have been registered to who appear in the (collate information on these commercial "pirates." Do not leave this job to one man—you can assist by sending the few stations you log to him for inclusion on the monthly list. This is a matter of concern for each and every Amateur. If you do not make these reports to your State Observer(s), you will be prepared to be the cause of ever-increasing numbers of those stations infringing into our previous bands. DO YOUR BIT.

FEDERAL QSL BUREAU

HAY JONES, VK3RJ, MANAGER

There is a new one for the certificate hunters. The Radio Society of East Africa offers an annual certificate to any Amateur proving contacts with one VQ8 plus one VQ5 plus three VQ4 stations per annum (1st January-31st December) on telephony or c.w., or c.w. phone on any band(s). Each certificate, which measures 18 by 10 inches, will be in the form of a special souvenir card bearing a large photograph of East African big game. There will be a different photograph each year. The possession of five of these annual certificates, together with proof of contact with one VQ1 station, will entitle the holder to claim the W.E.A. (Worked East Africa) Award that will be a very special and (we hope) treasured trophy. As the Ham population of East Africa is not very dense and finance is equally meagre, the R.S.E.A. regrettably are compelled to make a small charge for the annual certificate and the special award. It is therefore necessary to forward the sum of five shillings sterling with your claim for the annual certificate and a similar sum for the W.E.A. Award. It is not necessary to forward QSL cards, merely quote log extracts when making claims for the 1947-48 and 1948 certificates. Claims for the 1949 certificate can also be made if the necessary contacts have already been made. Any profits that might accrue will be set aside for providing and maintaining an eventual headquarters station for the Society. The joint decision of the President of the Society and the Awards Manager shall be final and binding concerning all matters pertaining to the certificates and W.E.A. Award. A photograph of the certificate, which accompanied the above information, shows the certificate to be distinctly interesting and ornate. The address of the Society is: Awards Manager, c/o East Africa QSL Bureau, Box 1818 Nairobi, Kenya Colony, Br. East Africa.

WADRE, Fletcher F. Stephens, 811 N.E. 15 St., Miami, Florida, U.S.A., desires to swap stamps with any Australian philatelist.

From WSAGD, W. P. Worsell, Camden, Ark., U.S.A., comes the following: "I QSL 100 per cent. I notice from my log that cards are outstanding from VASQJ and VASBJ. Can you hurry them up

please. I don't know whether or not you get bulletins from this country on war surplus equipment. If you do not you can write Zeag Sales Co., 1806 Bond St., Los Angeles 15, Calif. for a list. They have a big supply of good stuff you can pick up for a song."

From DL1UD, W. Kawan, comes the information dated April, 1949, that German Ham were re-licensed as from 14th March, 1949. Call signs issued to German stations will be DL1, 2, 3, 4, 5. The prefixes DL3, 4, and 5 have been reserved for members of the British, American, and French Forces respectively. Kawan is the secretary of the Deutscher Amateur Radio Club, Bohmstr. 7, Hamburg 11, Germany.

IMPORTANT

Would all Magazine Contributors please note that all contributions must be addressed to "Law Court Chambers," 191 Queen St., Melbourne, and NOT to the old box number.

Contributions, particularly notes, if addressed to the box number may not be received in sufficient time to be included in Magazine for the month for which they are intended.

The Spanish National Society (Union de Radio Aficionados Españoles) has revised its activities now that Spanish Amateurs have been re-licensed. The U.R.E. has its QSL service at Box 250, Madrid.

The new registered address of the Ceylon QSL Bureau is Box 907, Colombo, Ceylon.

Further details on the passing of F. A. Bush, HBVCQ (HBECQ) are now to hand. His death was

due to electrocution whilst operating his station on 28 Mc phone. He was getting his rig in readiness for the Swiss National Field Day, an event he always participated with great enthusiasm. Bush was first licensed as HB9CE in 1937 and was engaged in the radio business in Zurich where he built a modest electrical business into a large and thriving radio concern. Just prior to the war he operated for a time from the principality of Liechtenstein under HB3CE and his station became one of the most sought after by DX operators. His business premises were a meeting place for Amateurs all over the world. We join with others in sorrow at his sudden passing.


Victorian Division members were pleased to welcome at the August meeting of the Division, OR1WZ, Pavel Bohan, who has taken up domicile in Australia. Pavel, who is a graduate of the Frigine University in Electrical Engineering, is desirous of employment in that profession of the radio field and also needs housing for himself, his wife and child. Anyone who can help out in either direction should contact this Bureau.

According to advice from VK4 the station now signing VR4AA is genuine. It appears that indeed lately post-war there was a Ham station operated by a Yank who signed VR4AA. He was the phoney. Lately, however, another station has started up with a similar call sign and he is stated to be genuine and is located at Honoria. The operator is not the same as he who operated the earlier VR4AA.

Strong feeling exists in VK4 over KB5VP/VR4 being ruled out of DX C.C. calculations. They point out that the U.S.A. has a long island (the Gulf of Guadalupe) and the station aforementioned was properly licensed by the F.C.C. of the U.S.A., likewise W0CTV/VK1 in the Gilberts.


Please tell all your W friends that VK6S/VR1 is a phoney. The F.M.S. officially has never heard of him nor has the U.S.A. F.C.C. and all cards arriving for him have been claimed by the authorities in VK4.

There is also a feeling up north that Thursday Island should be a separate country, but am afraid very few will agree. There must be an ultimate in the current artificial creation of "new countries" most of which is inspired by country hungry Wa.



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NEW SOUTH WALES

The July meeting of the N.S.W. Division was held at Federation House, Phillip Street, Sydney, on Thursday, 28th of July. The meeting was held at all during the recent severe restrictions was due to the sterling efforts of members who secured the hall and arranged for emergency lighting, consisting of a series of electric glow-lamps, run from an accumulator, and numerous hurricane lamps. Darkness rather permitted the rear corner of the hall. The speaker's light was a small table lamp. Mr. Williams (XV) delivered his eagerly awaited lecture on "Super Modulation." Large drawings helped the boys get a good picture of the scheme, and the lecture was well received. The speaker would be putting it mildly. If, as Mr. Williams said, the claims of the originator are at all accurate, the business is not only "super," but almost "insane." He noted that you have to work with a lot of static, or thermostats. Yeah, I know, but that's what the man said, in effect!

FIFTY MEGACYCLES & ABOVE

(Continued from page 13)

Hence keeping it alive, yet getting a little time of breathing the same old time again. It is high time for some new stations to get going on this interesting and useful band.

Queensland:—On 12th July 4XN in Dalby worked 5BQ, 5BQ worked 4XN. On 16th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 17th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 18th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 19th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 20th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 21st July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 22nd July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 23rd July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 24th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 25th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 26th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 27th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 28th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 29th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 30th July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ. On 31st July 4XN worked 5BQ and 4CU worked 5BQ.

Western Australia:—5BQ sends details of his 50 Mc outfit at Albany W.A.

Transmitter: 5A7 Pierce crystal osc., 6V5 doubler, 816 final with 17 watts input, modulated by 6V5 in Class AB1. Receiver: 6AR5 1st, 6CH6 2nd, 6AR5 3rd, 6AR5 4th, 6AR5 5th, 6AR5 6th, 6AR5 7th, 6AR5 8th, 6AR5 9th, 6AR5 10th, 6AR5 11th, 6AR5 12th, 6AR5 13th, 6AR5 14th, 6AR5 15th, 6AR5 16th, 6AR5 17th, 6AR5 18th, 6AR5 19th, 6AR5 20th, 6AR5 21st, 6AR5 22nd, 6AR5 23rd, 6AR5 24th, 6AR5 25th, 6AR5 26th, 6AR5 27th, 6AR5 28th, 6AR5 29th, 6AR5 30th, 6AR5 31st, 6AR5 32nd, 6AR5 33rd, 6AR5 34th, 6AR5 35th, 6AR5 36th, 6AR5 37th, 6AR5 38th, 6AR5 39th, 6AR5 40th, 6AR5 41st, 6AR5 42nd, 6AR5 43rd, 6AR5 44th, 6AR5 45th, 6AR5 46th, 6AR5 47th, 6AR5 48th, 6AR5 49th, 6AR5 50th, 6AR5 51st, 6AR5 52nd, 6AR5 53rd, 6AR5 54th, 6AR5 55th, 6AR5 56th, 6AR5 57th, 6AR5 58th, 6AR5 59th, 6AR5 60th, 6AR5 61st, 6AR5 62nd, 6AR5 63rd, 6AR5 64th, 6AR5 65th, 6AR5 66th, 6AR5 67th, 6AR5 68th, 6AR5 69th, 6AR5 70th, 6AR5 71st, 6AR5 72nd, 6AR5 73rd, 6AR5 74th, 6AR5 75th, 6AR5 76th, 6AR5 77th, 6AR5 78th, 6AR5 79th, 6AR5 80th, 6AR5 81st, 6AR5 82nd, 6AR5 83rd, 6AR5 84th, 6AR5 85th, 6AR5 86th, 6AR5 87th, 6AR5 88th, 6AR5 89th, 6AR5 90th, 6AR5 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Wyalong which is the home town of his brother George SAMP. Tams is too cold for Les and Wyalong too hot for his VW, so perhaps a search for Slang is in eminent. SAMP heard handling traffic with emergency stations in the Hunter Valley. Monty 25Q also assisted, when ship worried SAMP and SARA. SALS and SPI had few minutes matter when SALS visited Ham. P.P. 807s with about 80 watts input is now the gear at SPI. 80Y heard for a few minutes with total solid signal, no sense of other Goulburn boys. My own rig gave off frantic smoke signals and then blew up, but hope to make B.D. on c.w.

VICTORIA

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION NET

The Emergency Network is now operating on a frequency of 7130 Kc. This frequency will be used for all exercises and emergency operations. Stations wishing to participate in this work connect VK3BX on c.w. on 7130 Kc. when exercises are being held. Exercise time—Sunday mornings at 1030 hours.

All stations holding W.L.A. emergency frequency crystals are asked to forward them to R. Busch, 5 Millroye Parade, North Essendon, W.6, by registered mail as they are needed for re-grinding to the new frequency.

VK3BU (Geelong) acted as control station for the network for the week of August.

CENTRAL WESTERN ZONE

Castlemaine, 18th September, is a place and date to be remembered. The Annual Convention of the zone will be held on that date and an attractive programme has been arranged. Here it is: 1900 hours assemble at Castlemaine Town Hall; 1915 hours Luncheon at Cumberland Hotel, drinks will be served in lounge at 1900 hours. Afternoon a demonstration of v.h.f. gear and technique. 1700 hours Annual Meeting (formal business only). 1900 hours Dinner at Castlemaine Hotel, drinks will be served in lounge. 1940 hours resumption of the Annual Meeting.

Catering costs will be 5/- per head per meal. During the day two prices will be given: (1) An S.E. and meat for a jacket potato and vegetables for luncheon. (2) A pair of good blankets for the best piece of home-built equipment on display at the convention, entries may come from any zone.

but must be accompanied by the builder; entries will be received up to 3 p.m. on the day and judging will be by secret ballot of those present.

Both prizes have been donated by 3XP, who has been a tower of strength in the organisation of this convention. Will all those intending to come (and you will win a good show if you don't), please notify the Secretary, C. O. Waring, VK3YU, Shene St., Stawell, or Gordon Waring, VK3JW, Box 10, Castlemaine, by Monday, 18th September, so that adequate catering arrangements can be made. Those requiring accommodation please contact 3XU as early as possible, we don't want you to sleep in the park, and we don't want you to stand, so hop to it chaps.

Mildura boys will be interested to know that 3PX has at last discarded the old L.F., and is very busy assembling a super-8. Cheers chaps and see you at Castlemaine.

NORTH EASTERN ZONE

The Fifth Convention was held in Wangaratta on 17th July, and was attended by 3IK, 3WQ, 3ML, 3PI, 3HP, 3ER, 3UI, 3TS, 3ZU, 3AC, 3AF, 3AT, 3PD, 3RT, 3ACW, 3AB, 3JN, 3WV, 3YV, 3RP, 3BU, 3ANQ, R. Anderson, R. Gibbs, J. Harrington, C. Shelton, R. Tennant, R. Sloper, and J. Tilson (Mayor of Wangaratta). Several things kept more from coming. The hotel was next door to the police station, an R.I. was present, and with 3IK, 3ML, and company in town from Friday, many doubted if any group would be left by Sunday. 3TV reports 1st 3IK got away by himself on Saturday morning following the large range of bottles in the rig at the Wangaratta Club, although 3ML, 3IK and 3PI joined him for the afternoon.

Business started about 10 a.m. Office bearers for the coming year are 3AT President, 3APF Secretary, 3ER and 3YV Vice-Presidents, 3UI Communications, and 3ABQ Zone Correspondent (not co-respondent as someone suggested).

Main discussion was on emergency work and frequencies. Gear by 3ER, 3UI, 3AT, and 3APF was shown while waters kept glasses full.

After an excellent dinner, the gang visited 3JE, 3YV and 3WZ. A description of these stations will appear later. Power levels will be withheld only on receipt of 313a.

3IE was up to his usual form, and was more interested in basketball than radio. The 3YL comes from the area, is afraid of publicity (her family read "A.E."), so by a little blackmail we now have an honorary assistant correspondent and typist.

3ACW had a few (!) over the eight and this poem was the result—

Lorna's Little Ham

Lorna had a wireless man,
All mad on radio,
And everywhere that Lorna goes
This Ham would like to go.
She went along to Wang one day,
According to the rule,
And while the Hams were talking, they
Held hands out of school.
But when the day was over
He should have lingered near
And not gone back to town
Leaving his blue-eyed dear.
But Ah! the big bad wolf,
Was not to be outdone
He let her drive his car back home
Oh Gee! Oh Gosh! What fun!

EASTERN ZONE

After some discussion, we have decided to hold our next Convention at the first week-end in February 3TH and 3BB, of Olmarz and Morwell respectively, are making arrangements and, even at this early stage, they have some interesting tour planned.

Distressed to learn that 3ro had destroyed all of VK3CI's gear except for two 525s, the Kene got together with the result that Syd has a Type 3 to use until he can re-build his rig with gills from Hams all over the State. We are all very pleased to know that you won't be giving the game away, Syd, and wish you bigger and better DX as the future.

We have to thank ZLMS for sending us a copy of "Break-in", giving a list of ZL calls and QTHs. It was a very pleasant surprise. Bill SWE is living up to his reputation of always being on the spot in times of emergency, by providing communications when Ormeo and district were snowbound. SAMP has hit 6 metres again with a brand new set-up. Mac is running 90 watts to a pair of 807s, into a three element close-spaced beam 35 feet high. Receiving equipment is a 16 tube double-conversion receiver, with a three tube converter for 6 metres. Bill is building an old broadcast set into a really good communications receiver, and building up a new 6 metre portable, EP50 e.c.o. EP50 driver, CTV p.a. Jim is very pleased with the results from the EP50 oscillator, and is happy to be back on his old game after passing that exam.

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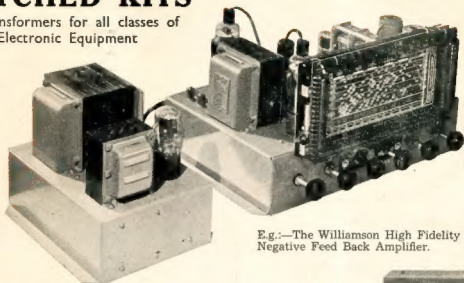
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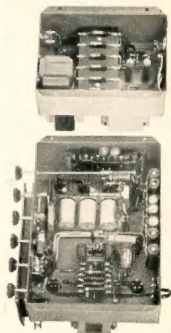
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the EXPERTS

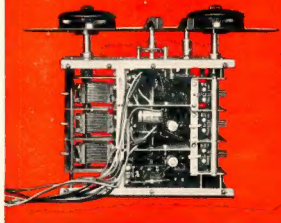
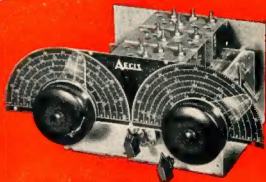
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1500 Mc. — 4 Mc.	6.5 — 7.5 Mc. 30 Metres
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